

Br J Ophthalmol doi:10.1136/bjo.2009.167775

Clinical Science

Measurement of corneal aberrations for customization of intraocular lens asphericity: impact on quality of vision after micro-incision cataract surgery.

Yannick Nochez*, Anne Favard, Samuel Majzoub, Pierre-Jean Pisella

[+](#) Author Affiliations

Correspondence to: Yannick Nochez, CHU Bretonneau, Boulevard Tonnelle, Service d'ophtalmologie du Pr PISELLA, TOURS, 37000, France; yannick.nochez@free.fr

Received 3 July 2009

Accepted 27 August 2009

Published Online First 14 October 2009

Abstract

Aims: To compare the quality of vision of patients with customized-aspheric intraocular lenses (IOL) versus patients implanted with zero-aberration IOL after a 1.8 mm micro-incision cataract surgery (MICS).

Methods: 43 eyes were divided into two groups: 17 eyes (reference group) received zero aberration Acri.Smart 46LC® (Carl Zeiss Meditec, Germany) and 26 eyes received a customized-aspheric IOL: either aspherical Acri.Smart 36A® generating a $-0.18 \mu\text{m}$ SA compensation equivalent, or zero-aberration Acri.Smart 46LC®. IOL asphericity was individually selected according to the corneal spherical aberration (SA) in order to produce a residual ocular SA close to $+0.10 \mu\text{m}$. Refraction, best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA), contrast sensitivities, ocular wavefront aberrations, and objective quality of vision assessment were analyzed 6 months after MICS.

Results: Postoperative BCVA was similar in both groups ($p=0.58$). Mesopic contrast sensitivities were significantly better in the custom group at intermediate and high spatial frequencies ($p<0.001$), while photopic contrast sensitivities were similar. Total SA was significantly lower in the custom group ($Z40 = 0.085 \pm 0.075 \mu\text{m}$ versus $0.261 \pm 0.091 \mu\text{m}$, $p<0.001$) whereas no difference was found in preoperative corneal SA. Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) cutoff frequency was higher in the custom group than in the reference group ($34.3 \pm 8.1 \text{ c/deg}$ versus $23.57 \pm 8.6 \text{ c/deg}$ respectively, $p=0.008$).

Conclusion: Individual selection of IOL asphericity with a preoperative corneal SA measurement allowed control of final ocular SA. Such customization improves mesopic contrast sensitivity, and leads to better objective quality of vision.

Relevant Article

At a glance:

At a glance

Harminder S Dua, Arun D Singh

Br J Ophthalmol 2010;94:doi:10.1136/bjo.2010.183871

[\[Extract\]](#) [\[Full text\]](#) [\[PDF\]](#)