

Additive Effect of Topical Nepafenac on Mydriasis in Patients With Diabetes Mellitus.

Kiziltoprak H¹, Koc M, Yetkin E, Tekin K, Inanc M, Ozulken K.

Author information

Abstract

OBJECTIVES: To evaluate the additive effect of topical nepafenac on pupil diameter (PD) in patients with diabetes mellitus (DM) and cataract.

METHODS: This prospective comparative study included the patients having cataract surgery with and without DM. Two consecutive PD measurements were taken using an automatic quantitative pupillometry system (MonPack One, Metrovision). A baseline measurement was taken, then one drop of nepafenac % 0.1 (Nevanac; Alcon, Fort Worth, TX) was instilled only to the eye that will be operated on (study eye). Cyclopentolate 1.0% (Sikloplejin; Abdi İbrahim, İstanbul, Turkey) was instilled to both eyes (study eye/fellow eye) 5 minutes later. The second measurement was taken at 1 hour after this application.

RESULTS: The DM group consisted of 43 patients, and the control group consisted of 39 participants. The baseline PDs of both eyes were similar in the DM group ($P=0.070$) and the control group ($P=0.345$). The change in pupil size from baseline to mydriasis was statistically significantly greater in the study eyes (2.69 ± 0.53) than fellow eyes (2.54 ± 0.61) in the DM group ($P=0.009$), but there was no statistically significant difference in the control group (2.94 ± 0.63 vs. 2.86 ± 0.58). When the groups were compared, the PD changes were similar in the study eyes between groups ($P=0.065$), while the PD changes in the fellow eyes were lower in the DM group ($P=0.017$).

CONCLUSIONS: Nepafenac has been shown additive effect on pupil dilation in diabetic patients before cataract surgery.

PMID: 31503086 DOI: [10.1097/ICL.0000000000000657](https://doi.org/10.1097/ICL.0000000000000657)